
The survey of impact of economic factors on demand for social security health insurance in ed provinces

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Abstract In today's active and high-risk lifestyle, insurance is a necessity and need. As human civilization develops, due to new risks that threaten human life and peace, the role of insurance in the future supply of individuals, community peace, economic and social development, and human welfare becomes more evident. Accordingly, as a way to deal with risk, insurance is a response to uncertain and risky circumstances. This is a descriptive research that tries to describe the relationships between variables (dependent and independent) using statistical tests. In terms of the objective, the study goes under the rubric of an applied research. In the present research, in compliance with the research carried out in Iran and abroad as well as the logical relationships between the variables, we sought to formulate a model to investigate the relationship between economic factors and demand for health insurance of social security. The results the estimations indicated that there was a significant relationship between the independent variables of inflation rate, per capita income, education, literacy, and rate of unemployment and the dependent variable of demand for health insurance for all provinces within 2009 to 2015. In addition, with regard to the coefficients obtained, rate of unemployment has a negative relationship with education and literacy, inflation rate, and per capita income; however, it a negative relationship with the dependent variable.

Keywords : Keywords: demand for insurance, health insurance, economic factors, social security

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