Initial schema comparison between traditional and industrial addicts and normal people

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Abstract Addiction in society is considered as a destructive factor in the progress and disintegration of families. For better understanding of this phenomenon, the present study was conducted to compare the early maladaptive schemas in traditional and industrial addicts and normal people. The present study is a causal-comparative study examining the effect of possible causes (maladaptive schema) in the consumption of opioids and nonopioids, and especially the consumption of certain types of drugs (traditional and industrial). For this purpose, sample group included 120 subjects (two groups of 40including traditional and industrial drug addicts and control group). The subjects were ed through convenience sampling addicts referred to addiction centers in Rasht and the surrounding areas in 2014 and 2015. After getting the informed consent, the subjects responded to Young Early Maladaptive Schema Questionnaire. Meanwhile, the control group responded to the questionnaire. Ultimately, the data the questionnaires were evaluated for the final analysis. In this study, causal-comparative and multivariate analysis of variance (MANOVA) were used. Findings indicated a difference between addicts and control group. The results have some practical patterns in addiction centers, as well as a model of prevention at an early age to avoid the tendency towards addiction. Keywords: early maladaptive schemas, opioids, traditional drugs, industrial drugs

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