Compare Religious Orientation, Perfectionism and cognitive beliefs of ordinary people in applicants cosmetic surgery and beauty centers Gilan

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The aim of this study were check Religious Orientation, Perfectionism and cognitive beliefs among the applicants cosmetic surgery and ordinary people who beauty centers Gilan province. The research method is Causal-comparative research methods and study population formed all ordinary people and all people applying for cosmetic surgery in Gilan province. After completing the questionnaire ed a total of 263 completed questionnaires groups of people applying for cosmetic surgery and a total of 224 completed questionnaires for ordinary people. To data collection used alport and Ross religious orientation questionnaire, Perfectionism Inventory Hill et al and Cognitive Beliefs Questionnaire and Wales. Analysis with using descriptive statistical methods including mean, standard deviation, and inferential analysis were multivariate analysis of variance. Results showed that the mean religious orientation of the applicant cosmetic surgery lower than the normal people. But the mean scores between perfectionism and cognitive beliefs among applicants cosmetic surgery was higher than normal people.

Keywords : cosmetic surgery, Perfectionism, cognitive beliefs, religious orientation

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