

Investigation of Mahry in permanent and interrupted marriage the perspective of Imamieh jurisprudence and Iranian law

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Abstract In this research, we first discuss a brief history of Mahri and then definitions of words have been considered. It is a financial leverage that is paid by marriage to marriage, which means cabin and sonority. Considering that Mahria is one of the priorities of the marriage contract in Iran's law and among the people of the society and is one of the important issues in Iran's law, therefore, the categories of Mahri have been investigated, including items can be referred to as Mahr-al-Masami, Mahr-al-Saneh, Mahr-e-Qalat, and Mehr-Al-Motah. To things that can be escaped as a dowry and the amount of it is also paid, that the dowry is anything that can be owned, whether it be the same, or that its profit can be considered as a dowry, and also practical or vocational training can be done. As a treasure trove. In terms of the amount and amount of dowry, the size of a particular direction is not valid in a small or large seal. Therefore, an object may be placed as a stamp, albeit low-value or expensive, but it does not allow the seals to be more than five hundred dirhams and is equivalent to fifty liters of gold. And because of the importance of the issue and the diversity of the Mahri and the amount of those related judgments, it is also examined what kind of lexicon can be, and what are the rules of invalidity and so on.

Keywords : Permanent marriage, mahria

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