

Investigating the Role of Ali Shariati's Thoughts in Building the Ideology of Political Groups Opposed to the Pahlavi Regime

Taher Koohi*,

Among Iranian Muslim intellectuals, Shariati is the only intellectual who has theorized about the conceptual function of ideology, being the most influential and important theorist of left political Islam in Iran and one of the most prominent figures of political Islam in the Islamic world. In this thesis, the author uses descriptive and analytical methods and library studies to evaluate the research hypothesis: "Dr. Shariati presents a revolutionary narrative of religious concepts and a plan to return to constructing the ideology of opposition groups." The Pahlavi regime has had an impact. " The purpose of this study is to study the role of Ali Shariati's ideas in the construction and ideology of political groups opposed to the Pahlavi regime and the impact of these ideas on the formation of the Islamic Revolution. The findings of the study show that: Dr. Shariati's ideas on his approaches to tradition and modernity, the clergy and the intellectual class, Islamic ideology and ideological leadership, the re-reading of the Ashura movement's ambitions, the Shiite culture and the culture of expectation, the thought of returning to self, On the one hand, and critical views on liberal western democracy, Western schools and ideologies, and the colonial practice of the West have had a significant impact on the ideology of political groups opposed to the Pahlavi regime, especially the foundations of the Islamic Revolution in Iran.

Keywords : Ideology, Ali Shariati, intellectual, political groups, Islamic Revolution

[Islamic Azad University, Rasht Branch - Thesis Database](#)
[دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی، واحد رشت - سامانه بانک اطلاعات پایان نامه ها](#)